The Transfer Process

Step 0: Very urgent items (for anyone considering applying)

- Scholarships: Apply right now! Do not wait!
  - University-wide scholarships (including transfer student scholarships)
  - Departmental scholarships (help students find their prospective college’s scholarship application page)
  - Organizational scholarships (perhaps a directory of campus organizations that provide scholarships, such as the LGBT Resource Center, Women’s Resource Center, etc)
- FAFSA. Even if you haven’t decided you’re applying yet, getting the FAFSA in sooner rather than later can secure other forms of aid, and it’s free to submit the FAFSA (or resubmit to new colleges if you’ve already filled it out).
  - Provide a link to https://financialaid.utah.edu/types-of-aid/fafsa.php AND instructions to add a school to an existing submission (a concept that is not referenced anywhere on the current Financial Aid section of the utah.edu website)

Step 1: First steps

- Apply to the U
  - Link to the application form
  - Show application deadlines
  - Link to application fee area (payment page, fee waiver application, etc)
- Transcripts/articulation (provide high-level explanation that most institutions belong to one of the major electronic transcript networks, provide mailing address for those who don’t)
  - Sidebar links to resources about exceptional situations in credit articulation, appeals form, contact link for the relevant office for questions about credit articulation
- Find your advisor and make contact
  - Link directly to https://admissions.utah.edu/contact/#transfer/intl
• Link to list of [https://advising.utah.edu/academic-advising-appts.php](https://advising.utah.edu/academic-advising-appts.php) for students who already know what major they are going into

• *The University is far more decentralized than many two-year colleges, and this isn't implicitly known by transfer students!!* Briefly clarify the role of the colleges and departments as primary points of contact for most questions, rather than more generalized University-wide offices (who will often refer you to your college/department’s office). SLCC students, for example, are accustomed to a single, relatively centralized advising office.

• Resources of interest while waiting on admissions

• Link to the Transfer Center with a brief description of it as a **nexus of information and personalized guidance for the student** to navigate the institution. (Otherwise it may be a received as being a massive, aimless repository of information overload, much like what we can already find on [utah.edu](http://utah.edu)) This must be billed as a resource for the student to get a sense of things at the U, to find out what they don’t even know to look up, etc.
  
  • Provide ways to contact for students who have trouble physically visiting or cannot attend events such as Transfer Day

• A breakdown of included and optional student benefits
  
  • Automatic benefits such as UTA pass
  
  • Student Health Insurance Plan/childcare/etc
  
  • VITA
  
  • Etc.

• Link to a **guide** to the particulars of the U’s terminology around its actual academic structure; define some commonly-used terms.

  • Explain colleges as sections of a single university (not always obvious to someone who came from a two-year college where the “college” was the entire institution)
• Explain how course numbers are structured (ex. what is a “two-thousand level class”?). The numbering system used here isn’t nearly as universal as the U thinks it is, and transfer students from two-year institutions may not understand the 4 or 5 course “levels” within undergraduate courses corresponding to different levels of difficulty, degree progression, etc.

• Explain what a major is, the difference between a double-major and a second bachelor’s degree, how minors/certificates work.

• Explain what ASUU is (otherwise it sounds like “yet another campus organization” rather than “that thing we are all subject to, actually”)

• Explain the hierarchy of departments (what is a “dean” and what do they do? Explain that some teachers are grad students, a concept foreign to two-year colleges)

• Explain what a “graduate student” is and how that differs from an “undergraduate”.

• (These concepts may seem obvious to us right now, but other institutions differ wildly on these points, and many transfer students have gaps in understanding one or more of these fundamental structures that they are assumed to know.)

**Step 2: You’ve been admitted**

• Reminder to contact your departmental advisor to clear path for registration

  • Suggestions of what to ask the advisor: typical paths through a major, typical roadblocks other students experience in a major, expectations to retain coursework beyond the end of a course, any requirements to graduate beyond simply “take these required courses”, etc.

  • Remind students to bring up any concerns they may not realize are unconventional and not-assumed: scheduling conflicts with work, etc.

• List of things that ought be looked into early on (ex. Honors College, other things that require a few semesters to do)
Instructions to get U Card

Sign up for orientation
  - Student orientation itself needs a major overhaul, but I think that’s outside the scope of this specific assignment
  - Provide an online, streamable orientation for students whose schedules conflict with the handful of available live options (the vast majority of information at orientation is absorbed passively by the student anyway, so asynchronicity doesn’t really subtract from the experience)

List registration deadlines (add/drop, withdrawal)

**Step 3: After you’ve settled in** (perhaps a few weeks into the first semester)

- Provide the usual deluge of “how to get involved on campus” stuff that is currently part of orientation itself
- Links to less-urgent or less-essential resources such as free software available as a student, Dining Dollars, etc
- Link to comprehensive breakdown of campus organizations with *brief and clear* descriptions of each